





High Precision Nuclear Forensics: The Case of the Mk-18a Targets

Brief to:

Citizens for Nuclear Technology Awareness

"Up and Atom" Breakfast September 25, 2019

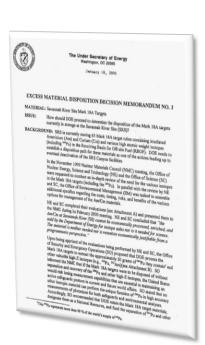
Richard Meehan,

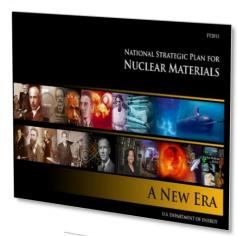
Director, Office of Nuclear Materials Integration



Pu-244: A Rare and Irreplaceable National Security Resource

- Pu-244 is "essential in maintaining an active safeguards posture in current and future world affairs...
 Separate, enrich, retain and use the Pu-244". (Excess Material Disposition Decision No. 3, 2001)
- "Preserve the irreplaceable Pu-242/244 and heavy curium as National Asset materials for future use" (DOE National Strategic Plan for Nuclear Materials, 2011)
- Preserve these valuable isotopes before "the opportunity is lost" (Inspector General audit report, 2013)





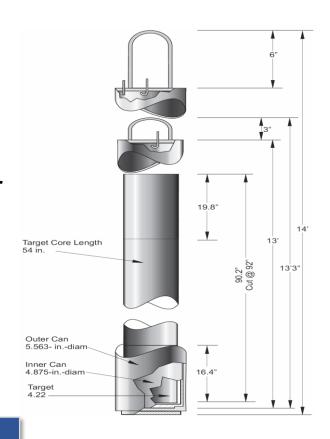




What are the MK-18a Targets?

- Program initiated in 1969 to produce Cf-252
- Currently stored in L Basin
- 86 targets were irradiated in K-Reactor at SRS
 - Very high neutron radiation (6 x 10¹⁵ n/cm²-s)
 - Very long residence time
- 21 targets were processed at ORNL in 1972-73 to recover Cf-252, heavy curium, and Pu-244
 - Recovered Pu-244 was enriched in ORNL
 - Calutrons This provided the supply of Pu-244 and heavy curium in use today
- 65 targets remain in L Basin
 - ~510g Cm-246/248
 - ~20g Pu-244

Additional Mk-18A material can no longer be produced since the DOE production infrastructure has been shut down





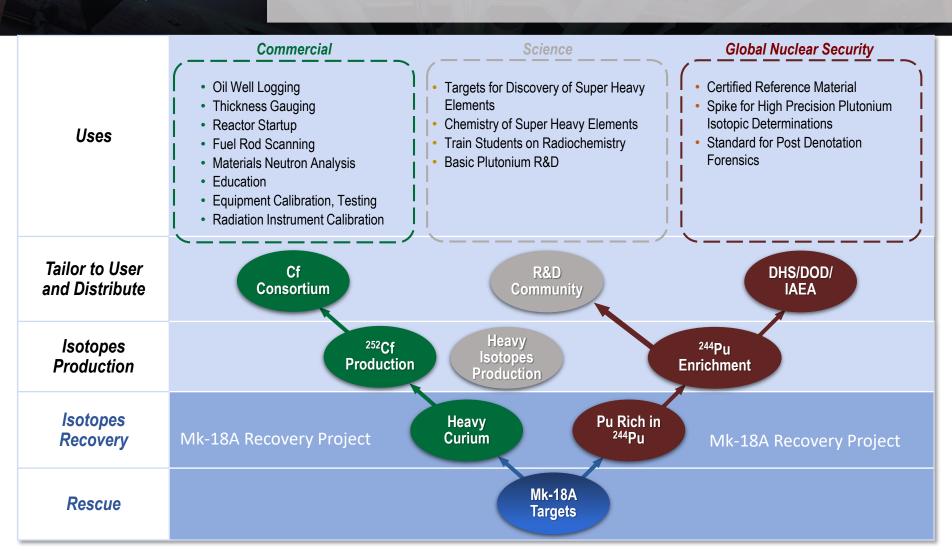
Why Are the Mk-18a Targets so Important?

- Mk-18a targets have the last known cache of Pu-244 in the world.
- Pu-244 is entirely man made, it occurs nowhere in nature.
- Serves as a known and unique reference point supporting high precision measurements.
- Vital for a number of national and international security related programs
- Used for unique research into "super heavy" elements.





Mk-18a Material Applications





Innovations

- Removed several extraction steps to increase efficiency of extraction.
- Repurposed automotive robot to package isotope shipping packages – to significantly reduce exposure to radiological hazards.
- Developed technique for horizontal loading of targets into hot cell – reducing exposure to radiological hazards as well as high vertical lifts.
- Designed modular cask laydown table to facilitate disassembly and storage of equipment between target loading events.
- Continue to use comprehensive project risk register to guide investment in equipment and facility modifications.



Current Status

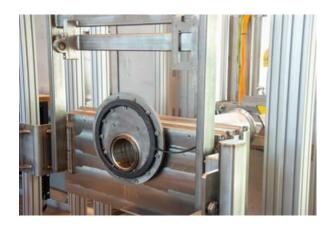
- Process has been defined. Designed completed.
- Transfer Cask designed, procured and received.
- Laydown table designed, fabricated and delivered.
- Hot Cell equipment has been designed, procured, received, and installed in the Mk-18 Mock Up facility supporting:
 - Design shake down
 - Operation procedure development
 - Readiness reviews
 - Workforce training.
- Project continues to remain on schedule and budget.



Photos















Photos







Photos



Office of Nuclear Materials Integration

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